

Passover Haggadah



PESACH 2024/5784



Bedikat Chametz - בְּדִיקַת חָמֵץ Search for Chametz

This is done preferably beginning with dusk on the evening of the 14th day of the Hebrew month of *Nissan*, which is the evening before the first *Seder*. Those years in which the first *Seder* falls on a Saturday night, the *Bedikah* (searching) must be conducted Thursday night.

Customarily we search by light of a candle or flashlight and use a feather to sweep up the *chametz* into a paper bag; put out a known number of bread pieces, each on a napkin, one piece in every room.

Before one begins the search recite this blessing:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us removing all *chametz*.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּח יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינו מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלֶם, אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו, וְצִוְּנוּ עַל בִּעוּר חָמֵץ.

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav v'tzivanu al biyur chametz.

After the search, recite the following formula which annuls all *chametz* crumbs not found and save the bag for burning the next morning:

All the sourdough and *chametz* in my possession that I have not seen and not eradicated is hereby nullified and made like the dust of the earth.

ּכָּל חֲמִירָא וַחֲמִיעָה דְּאִכָּא בִּרְשׁוּתִי דְּלָא חֲמִתֵּה וּדְלָא בִעַרְתֵּה וּדְלָא יְדַעְנָא לֵהּ לִבָּטֵל וְלֶחֱנֵי הֶפְּקֵר כְּעַפְרָא דְאַרְעָא.

Kol chamira vachami-ah d'ika virshuti d'la chamiteih ud'la vi-arteih ud'la v'dana leih libateil v'lehevei hefkeir k'afra d'ara.



Most often, a holy book unfolds sequentially and organically, like a seed growing into a tree. Like a seed, the first words contain the essence of all subsequent sentences, paragraphs, and chapters, which "grow" the holy message from seed to fully developed organism. The *Haggadah* is no exception. *Bedikat Chametz* (the search for leaven) and *Biyur Chametz* (the burning of leaven) capture the essence of the whole Passover process. We liberate ourselves from the Egypt of our worn-out

thoughts, habits, and desires by searching out and destroying the sources of leaven—of decay in our lives--internal and external. This is the essence of the *Haggadah*, the Seder ritual, and the eight day observance of Passover.

Rabbi Alan Green



Biyur Chametz - בְּעוּר חְמֵץ Eradicating the Chametz

After finding and placing the *chametz* in the paper bag, it is to be burned before 10:00 AM on the morning of the First Seder, including the feather and wooden spoon reciting the declaration on this page. Those years in which the first *Seder* falls on a Saturday night, the *Biyur* (eradication) must be conducted Friday morning but the declaration should be recited on Saturday morning:

All the leaven and *chametz* in my possession - whether I have seen it or not, whether I have destroyed it or not - is to be considered null, public property, nor more than the dust of the earth.

פָּל חֲמִירָא וַחֲמִיעָה דְּאִכָּא בִּרְשׁוּתִּי דַּחֲזִּתֵּהּ וּדְּלָא חֲזִתֵּהּ, דַּחֲמִתֵּהּ וּדְּלָא חֲמִתֵּהּ, דְּבִעַרְתֵּהּ וּדְלָא בִעַרְתֵּהּ, לִבָּטֵל וְלֶחֲנִי הֶפְּקֵר כְּעַפְרָא דְאַרְעָא.

Kol chamira vachami-ah d'ika virshuti dachaziteih ud'la chaziteih, dachamiteih ud'la chamiteih, d'vi-arteih ud'la vi-arteih, libateil v'lehevei hefkeir k'afra d'ara.





Hadlakat Neirot - הדלקת נרות Kindling the Festival candles

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us kindling the (**On Shabbat add:** Shabbat and) Festival lights.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְּ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו, וְצִוָּנוּ לְהַדְלִיק נֵר שֶׁל **(בשבת**: שַׁבָּת וְשֶׁל) יוֹם טוֹב.

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav v'tzivanu lehadlik ner (On Shabbat add: shel Shabbat veshel) Yom Tov.

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sustained us, maintained us and enabled us to reach this moment in life.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, שֶׁהֶחֱיָנוּ וְקִיְּמֵנוּ וְהִגִּיעֵנוּ לַזְּמַן הַזֶּה.

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, shehecheyanu v'ki'manu v'higi-anu laz'man hazeh.





Birkat Habanim - ברכת הבנים Blessing the children

For sons:

May God bless you like Ephraim and Menasseh.

ּיְשִׂמְדְּ אֱלֹהִים כְּאֶפְרַיִם וְכִמְנַשֶּׁה.

Yesimcha Elohim k'Efraim v'chiMenasheh.

For daughters:

May God bless you like Sarah, Rebecca, Rachel and Leah.

יְשִּׁמֵךּ אֱלֹהִים כְּשָּׂרָה, רְבְקָה, רָחֵל וַלָאַה.

Yesimech Elohim k'Sarah, Rivkah, Rachel v'Leah.

For everybody:

May God bless you and keep you;

יַבַרַכָּדְּ יִיַ וִיִשְׁמְרֵדְּ.

May God cause His spirit to shine upon you and be gracious unto you;

ָיָאֵר יְיָ פָּנָיו אֵלֶידּ וִיחֻנֶּדָ.

May God turn His spirit unto you and grant you peace.

יִשָּׁא יְיָ פָּנָיו אֵלֶידּ וְיָשֵׁם לְדְּ שָׁלוֹם.

Yevarechecha Adonai v'yishmerecha. Yaer Adonai panav elecha vichuneka. Yisa Adonai panav elecha veyasem lecha shalom.

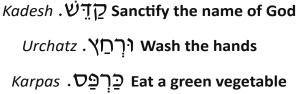


The recitation of the various stages of the Seder ritual gives us a vision of the entire structure of the evening. In many Haggadot, there are fourteen stages in the Seder, corresponding to the *Gematria* of the word *YAD* (yud and dalet add up to 14). God liberated the Israelites with a *YAD CHAZAKAH*, "a mighty hand". In this Haggadah, Motzi and Matzah are counted separately—yielding the number 15—

YAH (yud and heh add up to 15—one of the names of God). The Seder is therefore a symbol of the process of liberation from Egypt, as it took place in ancient times, as well as around our Seder tables today. Ideally, by the time we reach step 14 (or 15), we should have succeeded in taking a giant step out of our personal Egypt, and into our own Promised Land of freedom and fulfillment. Rabbi Alan Green

Passover Seder









Yachatz . Yn Break the middle Matzah

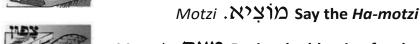




Maggid בְּלִּלִּד. Tell the story of the Exodus

Rachtzah רַוֹּצְרֹן Wash the hands before the meal





Matzah . には Recite the blessing for the Matzah

Maror . つうつか Eat the bitter herbs





Korech . בּוֹבֵדְ Eat the Matzah and Maror sandwich

Shulchan orech . שֵׁלְחָן עוֹבֵדְ Enjoy the festival meal





Tzafun . לְבּרָ Eat the Afikoman

Barech . קבי Say the blessing after the meal

Hallel . לַבָּל Recite the Hallel

Nirtzah . וֹבָל Conclude the Seder









Kadesh - קַּדֵּטּ Sanctify the name of God

On Shabbat add:

לשבת:

And there was evening and there was morning, the sixth day.

And the heavens and the earth and all their hosts were completed. And on the seventh day God finished the work which God had made, and God rested on the seventh day from all the work which God had made. And God blessed the seventh day and made it holy, for on it God rested from all the work which God's created to make.

וַיְהִי עֶרֶב וַיְהִי בֹקֶר יוֹם הַשִּׁשִׁי.

וְיְכֵלּוּ הַשָּׁמַיִם וְהָאָרֶץ וכָל-צבאם : ויכַל

אֱלֹהִים בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי, מְלֵאכְתּוֹ אֲשֶׁר עָשָׂה, וַיִּשְׁבֹּת בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי, מִכָּל-מְלַאכְתּוֹ אֲשֶׁר עָשָׂה : וַיְבָרֵך אֱלֹהִים אֶת-יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי, וַיְקַדֵּשׁ אֹתוֹ, כִּי בוֹ שָׁבַת מִכָּל-מְלַאכְתּוֹ, אֲשֶׁר-בָּרָא אַלֹהִים לִעשׁוֹת :

On Shabbat add:

Vay'hi erev vay'hi voker yom hashi-shi. Vay'chulu hashamayim v'ha-aretz v'choltzva-am. Vay'chal Elohim bayom hashvi-i, m'lachto asher asah, vayishbot bayom hashvi-i, mikol-mlachto asher asah. Vay'vareich Elohim, et-yom hashvi-i, vay'kadeish oto, ki vo shavat mikol-mlachto, asher-bara Elohim la-asot

Attention Everybody!:

סַבְרִי מָרָנָן וְרַבָּנָן וְרַבּוֹתַי:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

בְּרוּףְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֵלֵדְ הַעוֹלַם, בּוֹרֵא פָּרִי הַנָּפֵן:

Savri maranan v'rabanan v'rabotai:

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei p'ri hagafen.

On Shabbat add the shaded words:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has chosen us from among all people, and raised us above all tongues, and made us holy through the commandments. And You, God, our God, have given us in love (Shabbat for rest and) festivals for happiness, feasts and festive seasons for rejoicing this (Shabbat-day and the day of this) Feast of Matzot and this Festival of holy convocation, the Season of our Freedom (in love), a holy convocation, commemorating the departure from Egypt. For You have chosen us and sanctified us from all the nations, and You have given us as a heritage Your holy (Shabbat and) Festivals (in love and favor), in happiness and joy. We praise You, Eternal God, who sanctifies (the Shabbat and) Israel and the festive seasons.

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher bachar banu mikol-am, v'rom'manu mikol-lashon, v'kid'shanu b'mitzvotav, vatiten-lanu Adonai Eloheinu b'ahavah (shabatot limnuchah u) moadim l'simchah, chagim uz'manim l'sason et-yom (hashabat hazeh v'et-yom) chag hamatzot hazeh. Z'man cheiruteinu, (b'ahavah,) mikra kodesh, zeicher litzi-at mitzrayim. Ki vanu vacharta v'otanu kidashta mikol-ha-amim. (v'shabat) umo'adei kod'shecha (b'ahavah uv'ratzon) b'simchah uv'sason hinchaltanu. Baruch atah Adonai, m'kadeish (hashabat v') visra-eil v'hazmanim.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם,
אֲשֶׁר בָּחַר בָּנוּ מִכָּל-עָם, וְרוֹמְמָנוּ מִכָּל
-לָשׁוֹן, וְקִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיוֹ, וַתִּמֶּנוּ מִכָּל
מוֹצְדִים לְשִׁמְחָה, חַגִּים וּזְמַנִּים
מוֹצְדִים לְשִׁמְחָה, חַגִּים וּזְמַנִּים
לְשָׁשׁוֹן אֶת-יוֹם (הַשַּׁבְּת הַזֶּה וְאֶתנְבְּאַהֲבָה,) מִקְרָא לֹדֶשׁ, זֵכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרִים. כִּי בָנוּ בָחַרְתָּ וְאוֹתְנוּ קִדְשְׁרָּ
מִצְרִים. כִּי בָנוּ בָחַרְתָּ וְאוֹתְנוּ קִדְשְׁרָּ
מִבְּל-הָעַמִים. (וְשַׁבָּת) וּמוֹצְדֵי קַדְשָׁרְּ
מְבְּל-הָעַמִים. (וְשַׁבָּת) וּמוֹצְדֵי קַדְשָׁרּ
הְבָּרִצוֹן) בְּשִׁמְחָה וּבְשָׁשוֹן
הַנְּבָרוּ וְבְּרִצוֹן בְּיִּמְהָה יִיָּ, מְקַדֵּשׁ
הְהַלְתָּנוּ: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, מְקַדֵּשׁ
הַנְחַלְתָּנוּ: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, מְקַדֵּשׁ



ON SATURDAY NIGHT CONTINUE WITH THE HAVDALLAH.
ON OTHER NIGHTS CONTINUE WITH SHEECHEYANU.
BOTH TEXT ARE ON PAGE 9



On Saturday evening, we now add the following "Havdalah" section into the Kiddush to separate the sanctity of Sabbat from the Sanctity of the Festival of Pesach. At some Sedarim the leader will use the Yom Tov candles if nearby, while others will deliberately light a Havdalah candle from an existing light - and then recite the following blessings:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the lights of fire.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹחֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרָא מאוֹרִי הַאָשׁ :

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei m'orei ha-eish

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who makes a distinction between sacred and profane, between light and darkness, between Israel and the nations, between the seventh day and the six work-days. You have made a distinction between the holiness of the Shabbat and the holiness of the festival, and You have sanctified the seventh day above the six work-days. You have set apart and made holy Your people Israel with Your holiness. We praise You, Eternal God, who makes a distinction between holy and holy.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם, הַמַּבְדִּיל בֵּין לִדֶשׁ לְחֹל בֵּין אוֹר לְחֹשֶׁךְ, בֵּין יִשְׁרָאֵל לָעַמִים, בֵּין יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי לְשֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׂה. בֵּין קְדָשַׁת שַׁבָּת לִקְדֻשִׁת יוֹם טוֹב הִבְדַּלְתָּ. וְאֶת-יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי מִשֵּׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּצְשֶׂה קִדַּשְׁתָּ. הִבְדַּלְתָּ וְקִדַשְׁתָּ אֶת-עַמְךְ יִשְׂרָאֵל בִּקְדֻשְּׁתֶךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, הַמַּבְדִּיל בֵּין לִדֶשׁ לְקֹדֶשׁ:

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, hamavdil bein kodesh l'chol bein or l'choshech, bein yisraeil la-amim, bein yom hashvi-i l'sheishet y'mei hama-aseh. Bein k'dushat shabat likdushat yom tov hivdalta. V'et-yom hashvi-i misheishet y'mei hama-aseh kidashta. Hivdalta v'kidashta et-am'cha yisra-eil bikdushatecha. Baruch atah Adonai, hamavdil bein kodesh l'kodesh.

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sustained us, maintained us and enabled us to reach this moment in life.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, שֶׁהֶחֱיָנוּ וְקִיְּמָנוּ וְהִגִּיעָנוּ לַזְּמַן הַזֶּה:

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, shehecheyanu v'ki'manu v'higi-anu laz'man hazeh.

DRINK THE FIRST CUP OF WINE WHILE SEATED,
RECLINING ON THE LEFT SIDE AS A SIGN OF FREEDOM.





"For You have chosen us and sanctified us from all the nations..." When we read these words, we should realize that we are not "holier than thou"; that the holiness of the Jewish people is not inherent, but depends upon actually behaving in a holy way. "I call heaven and earth to witness: whether it be heathen or Israelite, whether it be man or woman, man-servant or maid-servant, all according to one's

deeds, does the Holy Spirit rest upon a person" (*Midrash Tehillim 36:7*). By and large, the path of the *Mitzvot* has allowed the Jewish people to culture and maintain a high level spiritual consciousness. Nevertheless, the mere performance of a *Mitzvah* is no guarantee of holiness. Fanaticism and violence can transform the holy Sabbath itself into a venue for the perverse play of the *Yetzer Ha-Ra*, the evil impulse.

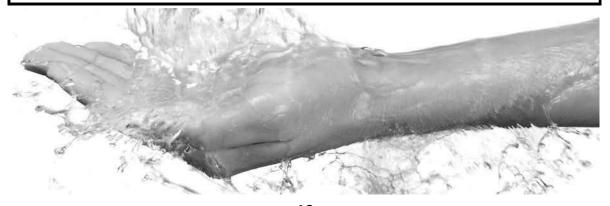
Rabbi Alan Green



Urchatz - יְרְחַץ Wash the hands

Ritually wash hands without reciting the blessing.

- Before washing your hands, be sure that they are clean and free of anything that will obstruct the waters from reaching the entire surface of your hands.
- Remove your rings—unless you never remove them, in which case they are considered "part of your hand."
- Fill a cup with water and pour three times on your right hand. Repeat on the left. (Lefties: reverse the order.)
- Rub your hands together and then dry them.





בּרְפַּס - Karpas בּרְפַּס Eat a green vegetable

Take less than a *kezayit* (the volume of one olive) of the *karpas*, dip it into salt-water, and recite the following blessing:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the fruit of the earth.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלֶם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הָאֵדָמָה :

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei p'ri ha-adamah.





Yachatz - אָחַיַּ Break the middle Matzah

Take the middle *matzah* and break it into two, one piece larger than the other. The larger piece is set aside to serve as *afikoman*. The smaller piece is put back, between the two *matzot*.



Yachatz - Why break the middle Matzah? And why should there be three Matzot to begin with? One interpretation might be that the three Matzot symbolize the three parts of perception--knower, knowing, and known. A fully spiritual consciousness experiences knower, knowing, and known as one continuous unity. The knower spontaneously knows him- or herself to be nothing different than what is known. Seeing him- or herself in all things, such a person handles the universe, and the

people in it, as carefully and delicately as he would handle his own self. This is the formula for perfectly righteous behavior-behavior in perfect accordance with the will of God--and for ultimate liberation from all forms of Egypt. The break in the middle *Matzah* -the *Matzah* of knowing— symbolizes the fragmented perception of our enslaved consciousness. In this fragmented state, knower perceives the known as something alien, or threatening--something we must attack, control, or against which we must compete, or defend. Finding the *Afikoman* symbolizes the restoration of the original unity of perception, and liberation from the spiritual enslavement of Egypt.

Rahhi Alan Green.



מַגִּיד - Maggid - מַגִּיד Tell the story of the Exodus

RAISE THE TRAY WITH THE MATZOT





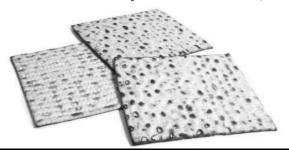
This is the plain, poor bread that our ancestors ate in the land of Egypt. Whoever is hungry, let them come and eat; whoever is in need, let them come and celebrate the Seder of Passover. This הָא לַחְמָּא עַנְיָא דִּי אֲכֵלוּ אַבְהָתָנָא בְּאַרְעָא דְמִצְרָיִם. כָּל דִּכְפִין גִיתֵי וְנֵכוֹל, כָּל דִּצְרִידְ גִיתֵי וְיִפְסַח. הָשַּׁתָּא הָכָא,



year we are here; next year in the land of Israel. This year we are slaves; next year we will be free people.

לְשָׁנָה הַבָּאָה בְּאַרְעָא דְיִשְׂרָאֵל. הָשַּׁתָּא עַבְדֵי, לְשָׁנָה הַבָּאָה בְּנֵי חוֹרִין :

Ha lachma anya di achalu avhatana b'ara d'mitzrayim. Kol dichfin yeitei v'yeichol, kol ditzrich yeitei v'yifsach. Hashata hacha, l'shanah haba-ah b'ara d'yisra-eil. Hashata avdei, l'shanah haba-ah b'nei chorin.





"This is the plain, poor bread..." The *Matzah* may be poor in leaven, but it is rich in spiritual symbolism. Leaven or *Chametz*, symbolizes all that is rotten and decayed in our lives. In our Passover preparations, we take great pains to eliminate all leaven, all traces of rot and decay, from our homes, offices and automobiles, as well as from our hearts, minds, and relationships. The *Matzah* is the symbol of

freedom from any traces of *Chametz*--and freedom from the puffery, egotism, and complications that *Chametz* creates in our lives. In its great humility and simplicity, *Matzah* can taste a bit like dry cardboard. However, once we've chewed on it for awhile, we find that a sweet taste eventually begins to emerge. Like anything truly worthwhile in life, it takes time to appreciate the real value of *Matzah*.

Rabbi Alan Green

THE TRAY WITH THE *MATZOT* IS MOVED ASIDE. THE SECOND CUP OF WINE IS POURED. (DO NOT DRINK IT YET).



What makes this night different from all other nights?

On all nights we eat *chametz* or *matzah*, and on this night only *matzah*.

On all nights we eat any kind of vegetables, and on this night *maror*!

On all nights we need not dip even once, on this night we do so twice!

On all nights we eat sitting upright or reclining, and on this night we all recline!

מַר נִּשְׁתַּנָּה הַלֵּיְלָה הַזֶּה מִכָּל הַלֵּילוֹת?



שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אָנוּ אוֹכְלִין חָמֵץ וּמַצָּה. הַלַּיִלָּה הַוֵּה כֵּלוֹ מַצָּה:

שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אָנוּ אוֹכְלִין שְׁאָר יְרָקוֹת הַלַּיְלָה הַיֶּה מָרוֹר :

שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אֵין אֲנוּ מַטְבִּילִין אֲפִילוּ בֵּעַם אֶחָת. הַלַּיְלָה הַזֶּה שְׁתֵּי פָעַמִים :

שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אֲנוּ אוֹכְלִין בֵּין יוֹשְׁבִין וּבֵין מְסֻבִּין. הַלַּיְלָה הַגֶּה כֵּלֵנוּ מִסֵבִּין:

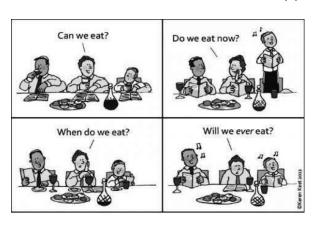
Mah nishtanah ha-laylah hazeh mikol ha-leilot?

Sheb'chol ha-leilot anu och'lin chameitz umatzah. Ha-laylah hazeh kulo matzah.

Sheb'chol ha-leilot anu och'lin sh'ar y'rakot. Ha-laylah hazeh maror.

Sheb'chol ha-leilot ein anu matbilin afilu pa-am echat. Ha-laylah hazeh sh'tei f'amim.

Sheb'khol ha-leilot anu okhlim bein yoshvin uvein m'subin. Halailah hazeh kulanu m'subin.



Answer to the first question: We eat only *matzah* because our ancestors could not wait for their breads to rise when they were fleeing slavery in Egypt, and so they took the breads out of their ovens while they were still flat, which was *matzah*.



Answer to the second question: We eat only *Maror*, a bitter herb, to remind us of the bitterness of slavery that our ancestors endured while in Egypt.

Answer to the third question: We dip twice - (1) green vegetables in salt water, and (2) *Maror* in *Charoset*, a sweet mixture of nuts and wine. The first dip, green vegetables in salt water, symbolizes the replacing of tears with gratefulness, and the second dip, *Maror* in *Charoset*, symbolizes sweetening the burden of bitterness and suffering to lessen its pain.

Answer to the fourth question: We recline at the *Seder* table because in ancient times, a person who reclined at a meal symbolized a free person, free from slavery, and so we recline in our chairs at the Passover *Seder* table to remind ourselves of the glory of freedom.



We were slaves to Pharaoh in Egypt, and Hashem, our God, took us out from there with a strong hand and with an outstretched arm. If the Holy

and Blessed One, had not taken our ancestors out of Egypt, then we, our children and our children's children would have remained enslaved to Pharaoh in Egypt. Even if all of us were wise, all of us understanding, all of us knowing the Torah, we would still be obligated to discuss the exodus from Egypt; and everyone who discusses the exodus from Egypt at length is praiseworthy.

עֲבָדִים הָיִינוּ לְפַרְעֹה בְּמִצְרָיִם. וַיּוֹצִיאֵנוּ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מִשְּׁם, בְּיָד חֲזָקָה וּבִּזְרְוֹעַ נְטוּיָה, וְאִלּוּ לֹא הוֹצִיא הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא אֶת־אֲבוֹתֵינוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם, הֲרֵי אֲנוּ וּבָנֵינוּ וּבְנֵי בָנֵינוּ, מְשִׁעְבָּדִים הָיִינוּ לְפַרְעֹה בְּמִצְרָיִם. מַצְלָנוּ זְּקֵנִים, כָּלֶנוּ יוֹדְעִים אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה, מִצְוָה עָלֵינוּ לְסַפֵּר בִּיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם. הַרֵי זֵה מִשְׁבָּח: Once we were slaves in Egypt,

but now we are free!

עֲבָדִים הָיִינוּ, הָיִינוּ. לְפַרְעֹה בְּמִצְרָיִם, בְּמִצְרָים. עֵבָדִים הַיִינוּ, עַתַּה,

עַתַּה בָּנֵי חוֹרָין.



Avadim hayinu, hayinu. L'faroh b'mitzrayim, b'mitzrayim. Avadim hayinu. Atah, atah b'nei choryin.





It happened that Rabbi Eliezer, Rabbi Yehoshua, Rabbi Elazar ben Azaryah, Rabbi Akiva and Rabbi Tarphon were reclining at a *Seder* in B'nei Brak. They were

discussing the exodus from Egypt all that night, until their students came and told them: "Our Masters! The time has come for reciting the morning *Shemah*!"

מַצְשֶׂה בְּרַבִּי אֱלִיעֶזֶר, וְרַבִּי יְהוֹשֵׁעַ, וְרַבִּי אֶלְעָזֶר בֶּן־עֲזַרְיָה, וְרַבִּי עֲקִיבָּא, וְרַבִּי טַרְפוֹן, שֶׁהִיוּ מְסֻבִּין בִּבְנִי־בְרַק, וְהָיוּ מְסַפְּרִים בִּיצִיאַת מִצְרַיִם, כָּל־אוֹתוֹ הַלַּיְלָה, עַד שֶׁבָּאוּ תַלְמִידֵיהֶם וְאָמְרוּ לָהֶם : רַבּּוֹתֵינוּ, הָגִּיעַ זִמַן קָרִיאַת שִׁמַע, שֵׁל שַׁחַרִית :



There is room to hypothesize that the account of the *Seder* in B'nei Brak is also a historical anecdote from some work of *Midrash* or work of *Haggadah* regarding the discussions and counsel of the great sages of Israel when they gathered in the center of nationalist zeal, B'nei Brak, the residence of Rabbi Akiva, to speak of the exodus from Egypt, the time of our freedom, and also to express ideas and arrange counsel

in the matter of the movement for freedom which then enveloped the nation... All of them responded to Rabbi Akiva's call, and each came from his place to celebrate the holiday of freedom in B'nei Brak and to take counsel together in one secret Seder, without the participation of their students, regarding the appropriate and necessary role of the sages of Israel in the zealous movement which waved the flag of rebellion against Rome.

Rabbi Yehudah Leib Maimon

(1875 - 1962) Israeli Rabbi, politician and leader of the religious Zionism movement

Blessed is the Omnipresent One, blessed be God! Blessed is The One who gave the Torah to the people Israel, blessed be God!

בָּרוּדְ הַמָּקוֹם. בָּרוּדְ הוּא. בָּרוּדְ שָׁנָתַן תּוֹרָה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל. בָּרוּדְ הוּא!



Baruch hamakom, baruch hu. Baruch shenatan torah l'amo yisra-eil, baruch hu.



The Torah describes four children who ask questions about the Exodus. Tradition teaches that these verses refer to four different types of children.

The wise child asks, "What are the laws that God has commanded us?"

The parent should answer by instructing the child in the laws of Passover, starting from the beginning and ending with the laws of the *Afikoman*.

The wicked child asks, "What does this Passover service mean to you?"

The parent should answer, "It is because of what God did for me when I came out of Egypt. Specifically 'me' and not 'you.' If you had been there (with your attitude), you wouldn't have been redeemed."

The simple child asks, "What is this Seder service?"

The parent should answer, "With a mighty hand God brought us out of Egypt. Therefore, we commemorate that event tonight through this *Seder*."

For the child who does not know how to ask. The parent should begin a discussion with that child based on the verse: "And you shall tell your child on that day, 'We commemorate Passover tonight because of what God did for us when we went out of Egypt.""

ּפְנֶגֶד אַרְבָּעָה בָנִים דִּבְּרָה תוֹרָה. אֶחָד חָכָם, וְאֶחָד רָשָׁע, וְאֶחָד תָּם, וְאֶחָד שָׁאֵינוֹ יוֹדֵעַ לִשְׁאוֹל:

חָכָם מַה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מָה הָעֵדֹת וְהַחֻקִּים וְהַמִּשְׁפָּטִים, אֲשֶׁר צִּוָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֶתְכֶם? וְאַף אַתָּה אֱמָר־לוֹ כְּהַלְכוֹת הַפֶּסַח: אֵין מַפְטִירִין אַחַר הַפֶּסַח אֲפִיקוֹמָן:

רְשָׁע מַה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מָה הָעֲבֹדָה הַזּאת לָכֶם? לָכֶם ולֹא לוֹ. וּלְפִּי שָׁהוֹצִיא אֶת־עַצְמוֹ מִן הַכְּלָל, כָּפַר בָּעִקָּר. וְאַף אַתָּה הַקְהֵה אֶת־שִׁנִּיו, נֶאֱמָר־לוֹ: בַּעֲבוּר זֶה, עָשָׂה יְיָ לִי, בְּצֵאתִי מִמְּצְרָיִם, לִי וְלֹא־לוֹ. אִלוּ הָיָה שָׁם, לֹא הָיָה נִגְאָל:

תָּבָּ מַה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מַה זּאׁת? וְאָמַרְתָּ אַלָּיו: בְּּחְֹּלֶק יָד הוֹצִיאָנוּ יְיָ מִמִּצְרַיִם מִבֵּית עֲבָדִים:

וְשֶׁאֵינוֹ יוֹדֵעַ לִשְׁאוֹל, אַתְּ פְּתַח לוֹ. שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וְהִנַּדְתָּ לְבִנְךָּ, בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמר: בַּעֲבוּר זֶה עָשָׂה יְיָ לִי, בְּצֵאתִי מִמִּצְרֵיִם: `Ö:-

The Four Children. According to the Lubavitcher Rebbe of blessed memory, the wise child represents the generation of immigrants--those who grew up religious in the Old World, and who brought their traditions with them into the New World. Their question is, "I want to know all about the different *Mitzvot...*" The wicked child represents their children, the first New World generation, who are so

concerned with making it in the new society that they turn their backs on the traditions of their mothers and fathers. Their question is, "Why do you bother with the *Mitzvot*?" The simple child represents the grandchildren, the second generation who grow up without the benefit of religiously supportive parents, but who still have contact with their culturally distinct *Bubbas* and *Zeidas*. This generation is still capable of asking, "What is this all about?" But then there are their children, the third generation, who lose all contact with Judaism, who never see anyone lighting Shabbat candles, or putting on *Tefillin*. This is the generation that "doesn't even understand enough to ask a question." This is the generation with whom we must deal today-to whom we must say, "It is because of this that Hashem did for me, when I left Egypt."

Rabbi Alan Green





In the beginning our ancestors served idols; but now serve the Omnipresent One, as it is said: "Joshua said to all the people: Thus said Hashem, the God of

Israel, 'Your ancestors used to live on the other side of the river - Terach, the father of Abraham and the father of Nachor, and they served other gods'".

מִתְּחָלֶּה עוֹבְדֵי עֲבוֹדָה זָרָה הָיוּ אֲבוֹתֵינוּ. וְעַכְשָׁו קֵרְבָנוּ הַמָּקוֹם לַעֲבוֹדָתוֹ. שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר : וַיִּאׁמֶר יְהוֹשֵׁע אֶל־כָּל־הָעָם. כֹּה אָמֵר יְיָ אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, בְּעֵבֶר הַנָּהָר יָשְׁבוּ אֲבוֹתֵיכֶם מֵעוֹלָם, תֶּרַח אֲבִי אַבְרָהָם וַאֲבִי נָחוֹר. וַיַּעַבִדוּ אֱלֹהִים אֲחֵרִים :

THE WINE CUP IS NOW RAISED AND THE MATZOT ARE COVERED.



This is what has stood by our ancestors and us! For not just one alone has risen against us to destroy us, but in every generation they rise against us to destroy us; and the Holy and Blessed One, saves us from their hand!

ְוְהִיא שֶׁעְמְדָה לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ וְלֶנוּ. שֶׁלֹא אֶחָד בִּלְבָד, עָמַד עָלֵינוּ לְכַלּוֹתֵנוּ. אֶלָּא שֶׁבְּכָל דּוֹר וָדוֹר, עוֹמְדִים עָלֵינוּ לְכַלּוֹתֵנוּ.



יָהַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא מַצִּילֵנוּ מִיָּדָם:

V'hi she-am'dah la-avoteinu v'lanu. Shelo echad bilvad, amad aleinu l'chaloteinu. Ela sheb'chol dor vador, om'dim aleinu l'chaloteinu, v'ha-Kadosh Baruch hu matzileinu mi-yadam.

PUT DOWN THE WINE CUP AND UNCOVER THE MATZAH.





Go forth and learn what Laban the Aramean wanted to do to our father Jacob. Pharaoh had issued a decree against the male children only, but Laban

wanted to uproot everyone - as it is said: "The Aramean wished to destroy my father; and he went down to Egypt and sojourned there, few in number; and he became there a nation - great and mighty and numerous."

But the Egyptians treated us badly and afflicted us, setting us to hard labour. Finally, when we cried out to Hashem, the God of our ancestors, Hashem heard our voice, saw our affliction, saw our toil and our oppression. Then Hashem brought us out from Egypt with a strong hand and an outstretched arm; with great awe, marvelous signs and with wonders."

צֵא וּלְמַד, מַה בִּקֵשׁ לָבָן הָאֲרַמִּי לַצְשׂוֹת לְיַצְלָב אָבִינוּ. שֶׁפַּרְעֹה לֹא נְזַר אֶלָּא עַל הַוְּכָרִים, וְלָבָן בִּקֵשׁ לַעֲלֹּר אֶת־הַכָּל, שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר: אֲרַמִּי אֹבֵד אָבִי, וַיֵּרֶד מִצְרַיְמָה, וַיָּנָר שָׁם בִּמְתֵי מְעָט.וַיְהִי שָׁם לְגוֹי נָּדוֹל, עָצוּם וָרָב:

וַיָּבֵעוּ אֹתָנוּ הַמִּצְרִים וַיְעַנְּוּנוּ. וַיִּתְּנוּ עָלֵינוּ עֲבֹדָה קָשָׁה: וַיָּבֵעוּ אֹתָנוּ הַמִּצְרִים. כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר:הָבָה נִתְחַכְּמָה לוֹ. פֶּן־יִרְבֶּה, וְהָיָה עַל־שֹנְאֵינוּ, וְנִלְחַם־בָּנוּ וְעָלָה עַל־שֹנְאֵינוּ, וְנִלְחַם־בָּנוּ וְעָלָה

WHEN SAYING THE FOLLOWING WORDS "BLOOD, AND FIRE, AND PILLARS OF SMOKE," SPILL THREE TIMES FROM THE WINE IN THE CUP.





Blood, and fire, and pillars of smoke.

ָדָם.

ַנָאֵש.

ּ וְתִימְרוֹת עָשָׁן

Dam, V'eish, V'tim'rot ashan

WHEN SAYING THE TEN PLAGUES, SPILL FROM THE CUP TEN TIMES.



These are the Ten Plagues which the Holy and Blessed One brought upon the Egyptians, namely as follows:

אֵלּוּ עֶשֶׂר מַכּוֹת שֶׁהֵבִּיא הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא עַלהַמִּצְרִים בְּמִצְרַיִם, וָאֵלוּ הֵן:



Blood.

Frogs.

Lice.

Wild Beasts.

Pestilence.

Boils.

Hail.

Locust.

Darkness.

Slaying of the First-born.

ַדָּם.

צְפַרְדֵּעַ.

בָּנִים.

ערוב.

.אבָד

שָׁחִין.

בַרַד.

אַרְבֶּה.

חשך.

מַכַּת בְּכוֹרוֹת:

Dam, Tzfardeah, Kinim, Arov, Dever, Sh'chin, Barad, Arbeh, Choshekh, Makat B'chorot

WE NOW REMOVE ANOTHER THREE DROPS OF WINE FROM OUR CUP OF JOY





Rabbi Yehuda would assign the plagues three mnemonic signs:

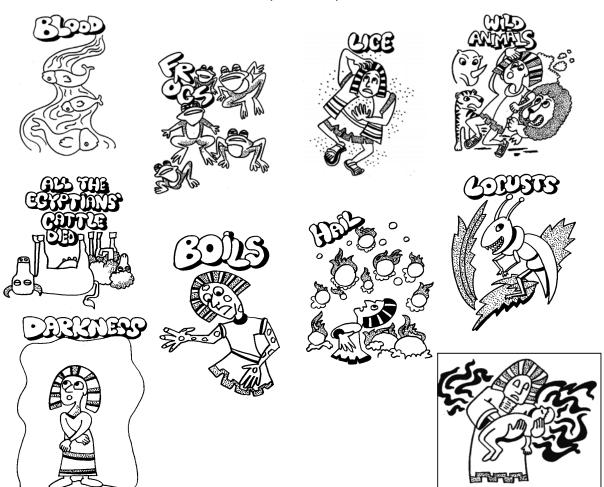
D'TZ"CH, A-Da"SH, B'AH"V.

רַבִּי יָהוּדָה הָיָה נוֹתֵן בָּהֵם סְמַּנִים:

רְצֵ״דְּ עֲדַ״שׁ בָּאַחַ״ב:

Rabi Y'hudah hayah notein bahem simanim.

D'TZ"CH, A-Da"SH, B'AH"V.



If God had brought us out from Egypt, it would have sufficed us!

If God had given us the Shabbat,

it would have sufficed us!

If God had given us the Torah,

it would have sufficed us!

אָלּוּ הוֹצִיאָנוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם, מַּנִּנִּי

ָ אָלוּ נָתַן לֵנוּ אֶת־הַשַּׁבָּת,



אָלוּ נָתַן לָנוּ אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה, דינוּ!

Ilu hotzi hotzi-anu, hotzi-anu, hotzi-anu mimitzrayim, hotzi-anu mimitzrayim

Dayeinu!

Ilu natan natan lanu, natan lanu et hashabat, natan lanu et hashabat **Dayeinu!**

Ilu natan natan lanu, natan lanu et hatorah, natan lanu et hatorah **Dayeinu!**



Thus how much more so should we be grateful to the Omnipresent One for the doubled and redoubled goodness bestowed upon us; for

God has brought us out of Egypt, and carried out judgments against them, and against their idols, and smote their first-born, and gave us their wealth, and split the sea for us, and took us through it on dry land, and drowned our oppressors in it, and supplied our needs in the desert for forty years, and fed us the manna, and gave us the *Shabbat*, and brought us before Mount Sinai, and gave us the *Torah*, and brought us into the land of Israel and built for us the Holy Temple to atone for all our sins.

ְּוְעָשָׂה בָהֶם שְׁפָּטִים, וְעָשָׂה בֵאלֹהֵיהֶם, וְהָרֵג אֶת־בְּכוֹרֵיהֶם, וְנָתַן לֵנוּ אֶת־מָמוֹנָם, וְקָרֵע לֵנוּ אֶת־הַיָּם, וְהֶצֶבִירָנוּ בְתוֹכוֹ בֶּחְרָבָה, וְשִׁקַע צְרֵינוּ בְּתוֹכוֹ, וְסִפֵּק צְרְכֵּנוּ בַּמִּדְבָּר אַרְבָּעִים שְׁנָה, וְהָאֱכִילֵנוּ אֶת־הַמָּוֹ, וְנָתַן לֵנוּ אֶת־הַשַּׁבָּת, וְקַרְבֵנוּ לִפְנֵי הַר סִינֵי, יִשְׂרָאֵל, וְבָנָה לֵנוּ אֶת־בֵּית הַבְּחִירָה, יִשְׂרָאֵל, עָל־כַּלִעוֹנוֹתִינוּ.



Rabban Gamliel used to say:
Whoever does not discuss the following three things on Passover has not fulfilled his duty, namely:

רַבָּן גַּמְלִיאֵל הָיָה אוֹמֵר: כָּל שֶׁלֹּא אָמַר שְׁלֹשָׁה דְבָרִים אֵלּוּ בַּפֶּסַח, לֹא יָצָא יְדֵי חוֹבָתוֹ, וְאֵלּוּ הֵן:

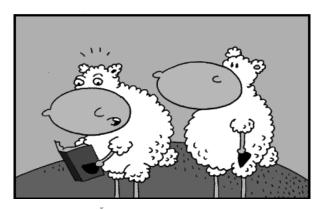
Pesach, Matzah, Maror. ָמַבְּח*ּ,* מַצְּה*ּ,* וּמָרור:

Pesach - the Passover-lamb that our ancestors ate during the time of the Beit Hamikdash - for what reason did they do so?

Because the Omnipresent passed over our ancestors' houses in Egypt, as it is said:

"You shall say, It is a Passover-offering to Hashem, because God passed over the houses of the children of Israel in Egypt when God struck the Egyptians with a plague, and God saved our houses. And the people bowed and prostrated themselves."

פֶּסַח שֶׁהָיוּ אֲבוֹתֵינוּ אוֹכְלִים, בִּזְמַן שֶׁבֵּית הַמִּקְדָּשׁ הָיָה קַיָּם, עַל שׁוּם מָהוּ עַל שׁוּם שֶׁפָּסַח הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא, עַל בָּתֵּי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ בְּמִצְרַיִם, שֻׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וַאֲמַרְתֶּם זֶבַח פֶּסַח הוּא לַיָּי, אֲשֶׁר פְּסַח עַל בָּתִי בְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּמִצְרַיִם, בְּנָגְפּוֹ אֶת־מִצְרַיִם וְאֶת־בָּתֵּינוּ הִצִּיל, וַיִּקֹּד הָעֶם וַיִּשִׁתַּחֵוּוּ.



AH YES, HERE IT IS ... SAYS HERE THAT PASSOVER IS A TIME OF CELEBRATION INCLUDING A FEAST OF UNLEAVENED BREAD, BITTER HERBS AND ... UH OH

THE BROKEN MATZAH IS LIFTED





This Matzah that we eat for what reason? Because the dough of our ancestors did not have time to become leavened before Hashem, the Holy and

Blessed One, revealed the Divine Presence to them and redeemed them.

Thus it is said: "They baked *Matzah*-cakes from the dough that they had brought out of Egypt, because it was not leavened; for they had been driven out of Egypt and could not delay, and they had also not prepared any other provisions."

מַ**צָּה זוֹ שֶׁאָנוּ אוֹכְלִים, עַל שׁוּם מָה ?** עַל שׁוּם שֶׁלֹּא הִסְפִּיק בְּצֵקָם שֶׁל אֲבוֹתֵינוּ לְהַחֲמִיץ, עַד שֶׁנְּגְלָה עֲלֵיהֶם מֶלֶךְ מֵלְכֵי הַמְּלָכִים, הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא, וּגְאָלָם, שֶׁנֶּאֲמֵר: וַיּאׁפּוּ אֶת־הַבָּצִק, אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵיאוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם, עֻגֹת מַצּוֹת, כִּי לֹא חָמֵץ: כִּי גֹרְשׁוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם, וְלֹא יָכְלוּ לְהִתְמַהְמֵהַ, וְגַם צֵדָה לֹא עָשׂוּ לָהֶם.



THE MAROR IS LIFTED



This maror that we eat for what reason? Because the Egyptians embittered our ancestors' lives in Egypt, as it is said:

"They made their lives bitter with hard service, with mortar and with bricks, and with all manner of service in the field; all their service which they made them serve with rigor."

מָרוֹר זֶה שָׁאֵנוּ אוֹכְלִים, עַל שׁוּם מֶה? עַל שׁוּם שָׁמֵּרְרוּ הַמִּצְרִים אֶת־חַיֵּי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ בְּמִצְרָיִם, שֻׁנָּאֶמֵר: וַיְמָרֲרוּ אֶת־חַיֵּיהֶם בַּעֲבֹדָה קָשָׁה, בְּּחְמֶר וּבִלְבִנִים, וּבְכָל־עֲבֹדָה בַּשָּׂדָה: אֵת כָּל־עֲבֹדָתָם, אֲשֶׁר עָבְדוּ בָהֶם בְּבֵּרֶךְּ.

In every generation we are obligated to regard ourselves as if we had come out of Egypt.

As it is said: "You shall tell your child on that day, it is because of this that Hashem did for me when I left Egypt."

The Holy and Blessed One redeemed not only our ancestors from Egypt, but God redeemed also us with them, as it is said: "It was us that God brought out from there, so that God might bring us to give us the land that God swore to our ancestors."

בְּכָל־דּוֹר וָדוֹר חַיָּב אָדָם לִרְאוֹת אֶת־עַצְמוֹ, כְּאִלּוּ הוֹא יָצָא מִמְּצְרֵיִם.



שַׁנָאֵמַר: וְהִנַּדְתָּ לִבְנִדְּ

בַּיוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמֹר: בַּעֲבוּר זֶה עָשָׂה יְיָ לִי, בְּצֵאתִי מִמִּצְרָיִם. לֹא אֶת־אֲבוֹתֵינוּ בִּלְבָד, נָּאַל הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא, אֶלָּא אַף אוֹתָנוּ נָּאַל עִמָּהֶם, שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וְאוֹתָנוּ הוֹצִיא מִשָּׁם, לְמַעַן הָבִיא אֹתָנוּ, לֵתֶת לֵנוּ אֶת־הָאֵרֶץ אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע לַאֲבֹתֵּינוּ.

WE ARE OBLIGED TO PRAISE GOD, WHICH WE DO IN THE PSALMS OF HALLEL: WE RAISE OUR GLASSES OF WINE AND WE COVER THE MATZOT.



Halleluyah.

Praise God! Offer praise, you servants of the Hashem; praise the Name of Hashem. May Hashem's Name be blessed from now and to all eternity. From the rising of the sun to its setting, Hashem's Name is praised.

Hashem is high above all nations, God's glory is over the heavens. Who is like Hashem, our God, who dwells on high yet looks down so low upon heaven and earth!

God raises the poor from the dust, God lifts the needy from the dunghill, to seat them with nobles, with the nobles of God's people. God restores the barren woman to the house, into a joyful mother of children. Halleluyah - praise God. הַלְלוּיָה.

הַלְלוּ עַבְדֵי יְיָ. הַלְלוּ אֶת־שֵׁם יְיָ. יְהִי שֵׁם יְיָ .



ּ מְבֹּרָף מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם מְּמָזְרַח שֶׁמֶשׁ עַד מְבוֹאוֹ.מְהֻלָּל שֵׁם יִיָּ.

רָם עַל־כָּל־גּוֹיִם יְיָ. עַל הַשָּׁמֵיִם כְּבוֹדוֹ: מִי כַּיִי אֱלֹהֵינוּ. הַמַּגְבִּיהִי לָשָׁבֶת: הַמַּשְׁפִּילִי לִרְאוֹת בַּשָּׁמֵיִם וּבָאֶרֶץ: מְקִימִי מֵעָפָר דָּל. מֵאַשְׁפֹּת יָרִים אֶבְיוֹן: לְהוֹשִׁיבִי עִם־נְדִיבִים. עִם נְדִיבֵי עַמּוֹ: מוֹשִׁיבִי עֲקֶרֶת הַבַּיִת אֵם הַבָּנִים שִׁמֵחַה. הַלִלוּיַה:

Hal'luyah.

Hal'lu avdei Adonai, hal'lu et sheim Adonai. Y'hi sheim Adonai m'vorach, mei-atah v'ad olam. Mimizrach shemesh ad m'vo-o, m'hulal sheim Adonai.

Ram al kol goyim Adonai, al hashamayim k'vodo. Mi k'Adonai Eloheinu, hamagbihi lashavet. Hamashpili lirot, bashamayim uva-aretz.

M'kimi mei-afar dal, mei-ashpot yarim evyon. L'hoshivi im n'divim, im n'divei amo. Moshivi akeret habayit, eim habanim s'meichah, hal'luyah.





When Israel went out of Egypt, the House of Jacob from a people of a foreign language.

Judah became God's holy one, Israel God's dominion. The sea saw and fled, the Jordan turned backward.

The mountains skipped like rams, the hills like young sheep. What is with you, O sea, that you flee; Jordan, that you turn backward?

Mountains, why do you skip like rams; hills, like a pool of water, the flint-stone into a spring of water.

בְּצֵאת יִשְׂרָאֵל מִמְּצְרָיִם, בֵּית יַעֲקֹב מעם לעז:

הָיְתָה יְהוּדָה לְקָדְשׁוֹ. יִשְׂרָאֵל מַמְשְׁלוֹתָיו : הַיָּם רָאָה וַיָּנֹס, הַיַּרְדֵּן יִסֹּב לְאָחוֹר :

> הֶהָרִים רָקְדוּ כְאֵילִים. גְּבָעוֹת כִּבְנֵי־צֹאן :מַה־לְךְּ הַיָּם כִּי תָנוּס. הַיַּרְדֵּן תִּסֹּב לְאָחוֹר :

הֶהָרִים תִּרְקְדוֹ כְאֵילִים. גְּבָעוֹת כִּבְנֵי־צֹּאֹן : מִלְפְנֵי אָדוֹן חוּלִי אָרֶץ. מִלְפְנֵי אֱלְוֹהַ יַעֲקֹב : הַהֹפְכִי הַצּוּר אֵגַם־מֵיִם. חַלָּמִישׁ לִמֵעִינוֹ־מֵיִם.

B'tzeit yisra-eil mimitzrayim, beit ya-akov mei-am loeiz.

Hay'tah y'hudah l'kod'sho, yisra-eil mamsh'lotav. Hayam ra-ah vayanos, hayardein yisov l'achor.

Heharim rak'du ch'eilim, g'va-ot kivnei tzon. Mah l'cha hayam ki tanus, hayardein tisov l'achor.

He-harim tirk'du ch'eilim, g'va-ot kivnei tzon. Milifnei adon chuli aretz, milifnei eloha ya-akov. Hahof'chi

He-harım tırk'du ch'eılım, g'va-ot kıvneı tzon. Mılıfneı adon chulı aretz, mılıfneı eloha ya-akov. Hahof'chı hatzur agam mayim, chalamish l'may'no mayim.





Second cup of wine

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has redeemed us and redeemed our ancestors from Egypt, and enabled us to attain this night to eat matzah and maror. So too, God, our God and God of our ancestors, enable us to attain other holidays and festivals that will come to us in peace with happiness in the rebuilding of Your city, and with rejoicing in Your service in the Holy Temple. Then we shall eat of the sacrifices and of the Passoverofferings whose blood shall be sprinkled on the wall of Your altar for acceptance; and we shall thank You with a new song for our redemption and for the deliverance of our souls. We praise You, Eternal God, who redeemed Israel.

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

בָּרוּדְּ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר גְּאָלֵנוּ וְגָאַל אֶת־אֲבוֹתֵינוּ מִמִּצְרֵיִם, וְהַגִּיעֵנוּ לַלֵּילַה מִמִּצְרֵיִם, וְהַגִּיעֵנוּ לַלֵּילֵה



הַזֶּה, לֶאֶכָל־בּוֹ מַצְּה וּמָרוֹר. כֵּן, יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, יַגִּיעֵנוּ לְמוֹצְדִים וְלִרְגָלִים אֲחֵרִים, הַבָּאִים לִקְרָאתֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם. שְׁמֵחִים בְּבִנְיַן עִירֶדּ, וְשָׁשִׁים בַּעֲבוֹדָתֶדּ, וְנאכַל שָׁם מִן הַוְּבָחִים וּמִן הַפְּסְחִים, אֲשֶׁר יַגִּיעַ דְמָם, עַל קִיר מִוְבַּחְדְּ לְרָצוֹן, וְנוֹדָה לְךְּ שִׁיר חָדָשׁ עַל גְּאֻלָּתֵנוּ, וְעַל בְּדוּת נַפְשֵׁנוּ :בָרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, גָּאַל יִשְׂרָאֵל:

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא פִּרִי הַגָּפֵן:

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher g'alanu v'ga-al et avoteinu mimitzrayim, v'higi-anu l'lalaylah hazeh, le-echol bo matzah u-maror. Kein, Adonai Eloheinu veilohei avoteinu, yagi-einu l'moadim v'lirgalim acheirim, ha-ba-im likrateinu l'shalom. S'meichim b'vinyan irecha, v'sasim ba-avodatecha, v'nochal sham min haz'vachim umin hap'sachim, asher yagi-a damam, al kir mizbachacha l'ratzon, v'nodeh l'cha shir chadash al g'ulateinu, v'al p'dut nafsheinu. Baruch atah Adonai, ga-al yisra-eil.

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei p'ri hagafen.

DRINK THE SECOND CUP OF WINE WHILE SEATED, RECLINING ON THE LEFT SIDE AS A SIGN OF FREEDOM.





Rachtzah - רָחְצָה

Wash the hands before the meal

Now the hands are washed with recital of the blessing for washing the hands.

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us concerning the washing of the hands.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלֶם, אֲשֶׁר קִּדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיוּ, וְצִוָּנוּ עַל נְטִילַת יָדֵיִם :

Baruch atah Adonai Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav, v'tzivanu al n'tilat yadayim.

ONE SHOULD NOT SPEAK UNTIL AFTER MAKING THE NEXT TWO BLESSINGS AND EATING THE MATZAH.





Motzi - מוצִיא Say the Ha-motzi

Take the *Matzot* in the order that they are lying on the tray - the broken piece between the two whole *Matzot*; hold them in your hand and recite the following blessing:

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who brings forth bread from the earth.



Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, hamotzi lechem min ha-aretz.



Matzah - מַצְה

Recite the blessing for the Matzah

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us concerning the eating of *Matzah*.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְּ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר עַל אֲכִילַת מַצָּה: עַל אֲכִילַת מַצָּה:



Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav v'tzivanu al achilat matzah.

WE NOW BREAK UP THE TOP AND MIDDLE MATZOT INTO PIECES AND DISTRIBUTE THEM FOR ALL TO EAT A PORTION WHILE RECLINING.





מְרוֹר - Maror - מְרוֹר Eat the bitter herbs

Small pieces of maror are dipped into the charoset (symbolic of mortar):

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us concerning the eating of *Maror*.

בָּרוּדְּ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר תַּדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוָּנוּ עַל אֵכִילַת מַרוֹר:



Baruch atah Adonai Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav v'tzivanu al achilat maror.

NOW EAT THE MAROR, WITHOUT RECLINING.





Korech - קרַה Eat the Matzah and Maror sandwich

Take the third *Matzah*, and also a *kezayit* (the volume of one olive) of the *Chazeret* (Bitter Vegetable used in addition to the *Maror*) - which is to be dipped into *Charoset*. Combine the two like a sandwich, and say the following:



Thus did Hillel do at the time of the Holy Temple: He would combine Passover lamb, *Matzah* and *Maror* and eat them together, as it said:

"They shall eat it with *Matzah* and bitter herbs."

זֵכֶר לְמִקְדָּשׁ כְּחָלֵּל: כֵּן עָשָּׁה חָלֵּל
בּזְמַן שֶׁבֵּית חַמִּקְדָּשׁ חָיָה קַיָּם. חָיָה
כּוֹרֵךְ פֶּסַח מַצָּה וּמָרוֹר וְאוֹכֵל בְּיַחַד.
לְקַיֵּם מַה שָׁנָּאֱמַר: עַל־מַצּוֹת
וּמַרוֹרִים יאֹכָלֶהוּ:

NOW EAT THEM TOGETHER IN THE RECLINING POSITION.





Shulchan Orech - שֵׁלְחָן עוֹרֵךּ Enjoy the festival meal

Now eat and drink to your heart's delight. It is permitted to drink more wine between the second and third cups.







Tzafun - אָפוּן Eat the Afikoman

After the meal, take the *Afikoman* and divide it among all the members of the household, by giving everyone a *kezayit* (the volume of one olive).

Take care not to eat or drink after the Afikoman, except for the two remaining mandatory ritual cups of wine, one for the Grace after meals and one for Hallel.

It is to be eaten in the reclining position and this ought to be done before midnight.



Barech - קַּרָבְּ Say the blessing after the meal

THE THIRD CUP IS POURED NOW. (DO NOT DRINK IT YET)



A Song of Ascents. When Hashem will return the exiles of Zion, we will have been like dreamers. Then our mouth will be filled with laughter, and our tongue with joyous song. Then will they say among the nations, "Hashem has done great things for these." Hashem has done great things for us, we were joyful. Hashem, return our exiles as streams in the Negev. Those who sow in tears will reap with joyous song. Those who go along weeping, carrying the bag of seed; will surely come back with joyous song, carrying their sheaves.

שִׁיר הַפַּעְלוֹת בְּשׁוּב יְיָ אֶת שִׁיבַת צִיּוֹן הָנִינוּ כְּחֹלְמִים : אָז יִמְלֵא שְׁחוֹק פֵּינוּ וּלְשׁוֹנֵנוּ רָנָּה אָז יאמְרוּ בַּגּוֹיָם הָגָּדִּיל יָיַ לַעֲשׂוֹת עָם בַּגּוֹיָם הָגָדִּיל יָיַ לַעֲשׂוֹת עָם



אֵבֶּה: הִגְּדִּיל יְיָ לַצְשׂוֹת עִמְנוּ הָיֵינוּ שְׁמֵחִים: שׁוּבָה יְיָ אֶת שְׁבִיתֵנוּ כַּאֲפִיקִים בַּנֶּנֶב: הַוּּרְעִים בְּדִמְעָה בְּרְנָה יִקְצְרוּ: הָלוֹף יֵלֵדְ וּבָלֹח נֹשֵׂא מֶשֶׁף הַזָּרֵע בּא יָבא בָרְנַּה נֹשֵּׁא אֵלְמֹתֵיו:

Shir ha-ma'alot b'shuv Adonai et sheevat Tziyon hayinu keholmim. As y'malel sehok pinu ul'shonenu rina. As yomru vagoyim higdil Adonai la-asot im eileh, higdil Adonai la-asot imanu hayinu semeihim. Shuva Adonai et sheviteinu ka-afikim baNegev. Hazorim bedimah berinah yiktzoru. Halokh yelekh uvakho, nosei meshekh hazarah, bo yavo v'rinah nosei alumatav.

Leader:

Let us say Grace!

Everyone:

May the Name of Hashem be blessed from now and forever.

Leader:

May the Name of Hashem be blessed from now and forever.

With the permission of the masters, teachers and guests, let us bless our God, whose bounty we have eaten.

Everyone:

Blessed be our God, of whose bounty we have eaten.

Leader:

Blessed be our God, of whose bounty we have eaten.

Blessed be our God and praised be God's Name always, forever and ever.

המזמן:

וֹבּוֹתַי נְבָרֵדְּיִ

המסובין:

יְהִי שֵׁם יְיָ מְבֹרָדְ מֵעַתָּה

ּוְעַד עוֹלֶם.

:המזמן

יְהִי שֵׁם יְיָ מְבֹרָךְ מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם. בִּרְשׂוּת מָרָנָן וְרַבָּנָן וְרַבּוֹתַי, נְבָרֵךְ אֱלֹהֵינוּ שֶׁאָכֵלְנוּ מִשֶּׁלוֹ.

המסובין:

בָּרוּדְ אֱלֹחֵינוּ שֶׁאָכַלְנוּ מִשֶּׁלּוֹ וּבְטוּבוֹ חַגֵינוּ.

המזמן:

בָּרוּדְ אֱלֹהֵינוּ שֶׁאָכַלְנוּ מִשֶּׁלוֹ וּבְטוּבוֹ חָיֵינוּ.

בָרוּדְ הוּא וּבָרוּדְ שְׁמוֹ:

Leader:

Rabotai n'varech.

Everyone:

Y'hi sheim Adonai m'vorach mei-ata v'ad olam.

Leader:

Y'hi sheim Adonai m'vorach mei-ata v'ad olam. Birshut maran v'raban v'rabotai n'vareich Eloheinu she-achalnu mee-shelo.

Everyone:

Baruch Eloheinu she-achalnu mee-shelo uv'tuvo chayinu.

Leader:

Baruch Eloheinu she-achalnu mee-shelo uv'tuvo chayinu. Baruch hu uvaruch sh'mo. We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who, in goodness, feeds the whole world with grace, with kindness and with mercy. God gives food to all flesh, for God's kindness is everlasting. Through God great goodness to us continuously we do not lack food, and may we never lack it, for the sake of God's great Name. For God is a benevolent God who feeds and sustains all, does good to all, and prepares food for all the creatures whom God has created, as it is said: You open Your hand and satisfy the desire of every living thing. We praise You, Eternal God, who provides food for all.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם,
הַזָּן אֶת הָעוֹלֶם כֵּלוֹ בְּטוּבוֹ בְּחֵן בְּחֶפֶּד
וּבְרַחֲמִים הוּא נוֹתֵן לֶחֶם לְכָל בָּשָּׁר כִּי
לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ. וּבְטוּבוֹ הַגָּדוֹל תָּמִיד
לֹא חֲסַר לֵנוּ, וְאַל יֶחְסַר לֵנוּ מָזוֹן
לְעוֹלֶם וָעֶד. בַּעֲבוּר שְׁמוֹ הַגְּדוֹל, כִּי
הוּא אֵל זָן וּמְפַרְנֵס לַכֹּל וּמֵטִיב לַכֹּל,
וּמֵכִין מָזוֹן לְכֹל בְּרִיּוֹתָיו אֲשֶׁר בָּרָא.
בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יִיָּ, הַזָּן אֵת הַכֹּל:

Baruch ata Adonai Eloheinu melech haolam, hazal et haolam kulo b'tuvo b'chein b'chesed uv'rachamim, hu notein lehem l'chol vasar kee l'olam hasdo. uv'tuvo hagadol, tamid lo chasar lanu, v'al yehsar lanu mazon l'olam vaed. Ba'avur sh'mo hagadol, kee hu El zan um'farnei lakol umei-tiv lakol, umeichin mazon k'chol b'riyotav asher bara, Baruch atah Adonai, hazan et hakol.

We thank You, eternal God, for having given as a heritage to our ancestors a precious, good and spacious land, for the covenant and Torah, for life and sustenance. May Your Name be blessed by the mouth of every living being, constantly and forever. As it is written: When you have eaten and are satiated, you shall bless Hashem your God, for the good land which God has given you. We praise You, Eternal God, for the land and for the food.

נוֹדֶה לְּךְּ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל שֶׁהְנְחֵלְתָּ לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱרֶץ חֶמְדָּה טוֹבָה וּרְחָבָה, בְּרִית וְתוֹרָה, חַיִּים וּמָזוֹן. יִתְבָּרַךְ שִׁמְךְּ בְּפִי כָּל חַי תָּמִיד לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד. כַּכָּתוּב, וְאָכַלְתָּ וְשֶׂבֵעְתָּ, וּבַרַכְתָּ אֶת יְיָ אֱלֹהֵיךְ עַל הָאֵרֶץ הַטֹּבָה אֲשֶׁר נֻתַן לְךְּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, עַל הָאֶרֶץ וְעַל הַמָּזוֹן:

Nodeh l'cha Adonai Eloheinu al she-hinchalta la-avoteinu, eretz chemdah tovah u-r'chavah, b'rit v'Torah, chayim umazon. Yitbarach shim'cha b'fi chol chai tamid l'olam va-ed. Ka-katuv v'achalta v'sava-ta, u-verachta et Adonai Elohecha al ha-aretz ha-tovah asher natan lach. Baruch atah Adonai, al ha-aretz v'al hamazon.

On Shabbat add: לשבת:

May it please You, Hashem, our God, to strengthen us through Your commandments, and through the precept of the Seventh Day, this great and holy Shabbat. For this day is great and holy before You, to refrain from work and to rest thereon with love, in accordance with the commandment of Your will. In Your will, Hashem, our God, bestow upon us tranquility, that there shall be no trouble, sadness or grief on the day of our rest. Hashem, our God, let us see the consolation of Zion Your city, and the rebuilding of Jerusalem Your holy city, for You are the Master of all salvations and the Master of all consolations.

רְצֵה וְהַחֲלִיצֵנוּ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּּמִצְוֹתֶיךְ וּבְמִצְוַת יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי הַשַּׁבָּת הַנָּדוֹל וְהַקָּדוֹשׁ הַזֶּה. כִּי יוֹם זֶה נָּדוֹל וְקָדוֹש בְּאַהֲבָה כְּמִצְוַת רְצוֹנֵךְ וּבִרְצוֹנְךְ הָנֵיחַ לֵנוּ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ, שֶׁלֹא תְהֵא צָרָה וְיָגוֹן וַאֲנָחָה בְּיוֹם מְנוּחָתֵנוּ. וְהַרְצֵנוּ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּנֶחָמַת צִיוֹן עִיבֶךְ, וּבְבִנְיַן יְרוּשָׁלֵים עִיר קַדְשֶׁךְ, כִּי אַתָּה הוּא בַּעַל הַיְשׁוּעוֹת וּבַעַל הַנֶּחָמוֹת:

R'tzei v'ha-chalitzenu Adonai Eloheinu b'mitzvotecha, u-v'mitzvat yom ha-sh'vi-i, ha-Shabbat ha-gadol v'ha-kadosh ha-zeh. Ki yom zeh gadol v'kadosh hu l'fanecha, lishbot bo v'lanu-ach bo, b'ahavah k'mitzvat r'tzonecha, u-virtzon'cha hanach lanu, Adonai Eloheinu, she-lo t'hi tzarah v'yagon va-anachah b'yom m'nuchatenu. V'har-enu Adonai Eloheinu b'nechamat Tziyon irecha, u-v'vinyan Y'rushalayim ir kodshecha, ki atah hu ba-al ha-v'shu-ot u-va-al ha-nechamot.



Our God and God of our ancestors, may there ascend, come and reach, be seen and accepted, heard, recalled and remembered before You, the remembrance and recollection of us, the remembrance of our ancestors. remembrance of Messiah the son of David Your servant, the remembrance of Jerusalem Your holy city, and the remembrance of all Your people the House of Israel, for deliverance, well-being, grace. kindness. mercy, good life and peace, on this day of the Festival of Matzot, on this Festival of holy convocation. Remember us on this day, Hashem, our God, for good; recollect us on this day for blessing; help us on this day for good life. With the promise of deliverance and compassion, spare us and be gracious to us; have mercy upon us and deliver us; for our eyes are directed to You, for You, God, are a gracious and merciful Ruler.

אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, יַצְלֶה וְיָבֹאׁ וְיַגִּּיעַ, וְיֵרָאֶה, וְיֵלֶבֶה, וְיִשָּׁמַע, וְיִפָּקֵד, וְיִזְּכֵר זִכְרוֹנֵנוּ וּפִקְדּוֹנֵנוּ, וְזִכְרוֹן אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, וְזִכְרוֹן מָשִׁיחַ בֶּן דָּוֹד עַבְדֶּדְּ, וְזִכְרוֹן יְרוּשָׁלֵיִם עִיר קָדְשֶׁדְּ, וְזִכְרוֹן לְטוֹבָה לְחֵן וּלְחֶסֶד וּלְרַחֲמִים, לְחַיִּים וּלְשָׁלוֹם בְּיוֹם חֵג הַמַצּוֹת הַזֶּה. זָכְרֵנוּ יְיָשׁוֹּעָה וְרַחֲמִים, חוּס וְחָנֵנוּ, וְרַחֵם יְשׁוּעָה וְרַחֲמִים, חוּס וְחָנֵנוּ, וְרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְהוֹשִיעֵנוּ, כִּי אֵלֶידְ עֵינֵינוּ, כִּי אֵל מֵלֶדְ חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אֶתָּה:

Eloheinu veilohei avoteinu, yaleh v'yavo v'yagiah, v'yei-ra-eh, v'yei-ratzeh, v'yishma, v'yipakeid, v'yizacheir zichroneinu ufik-doneinu, v'zichron avoteinu, v'zichron mashiach be david avdecha, v'zichron y'rushalayim ir kod-shecha, v'zichron kol amcha beit yisrael l'fanecha, lifleita l'tova l'chein ul'chesed ul'rachamim, l'chayim ul'shalom b'yom chag ha-matzot hazeh. Zochreinu Adonai Eloheinu bo l'tova, ufokdeinu vo livracha v'hoshi-einu vo l'chayim,uv'd-var y'shu-ah v'rachamim, chus v'cha-neinu, v'racheim aleinu v'hoshi-einu ki ei-lecha eineinu, ki eil melech chanun vrachum ata.

Rebuild Jerusalem the holy city speedily in our days. We praise You, Eternal God, who with mercy rebuilds Jerusalem. Amen.

וּבְנֵה יְרוּשָׁלֵיִם עִיר הַקֹּדֶשׁ בִּמְהֵרָה בְיָמֵינוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְיָ, בּוֹנֵה בְּרַחֲמָיו יִרוּשָׁלֵיִם. אָמֵן

U-v'nei Y'rushalayim ir ha-kodesh bi-m'herah v'yameinu. Baruch atah Adonai, boneh v'rahamav Y'rushalayim. Amen We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, benevolent God, who is good and does good to all, each and every day. God has done good for us, God does good for us, and God will do good for us; God has bestowed, God bestows, and God will forever bestow upon us grace, kindness and mercy. May we be worthy of the days of the Messiah.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, הַמֶּלֶדְ הַטוֹב, וְהַמֵּטִיב לַכֹּל, שֶׁבְּכָל יוֹם וָיוֹם. הוּא הֵטִיב, הוּא מֵטִיב, הוּא יֵיטִיב לָנו. הוּא גְמָלֵנוּ, הוּא גוֹמְלֵנוּ, הוּא יִגְמְלֵנוּ לָעַד חֵן וָחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים, וִיזַכֵּנוּ לִימוֹת הַמַּשִׁחַ.

Baruch atah Adonai Eloheinu melech ha-olam, ha-melech ha-tov v'ha-metiv la-kol, she-b'chol yom va-yom. Hu hetiv, Hu metiv, Hu yeitiv lanu. Hu g'malanu, Hu gomlenu, Hu yigm'lenu la-ad chen va-chesed v'rachamim, vizakeinu limot ha-Mashiach.

On Shabbat add:

לשבת:

May the Merciful One cause us to inherit that day which will be all Shabbat and rest for life everlasting.

הָרַחֲמָן, הוּא יַנְחִילֵנוּ יוֹם שֶׁכֵּלוֹ שַׁבָּת וּמִנוּחָה לָחַיֵּי הָעוֹלָמִים.

Ha-rachaman, hu yanchilenu yom she-kulo Shabbat u-m'nuchah, l'chayei ha-olamim.

May the Merciful One cause us to inherit that day which is all good.

May the Merciful One bless all our people who suffer and bring them out of darkness into light.

הָרַחֲמָן, הוּא יַנְחִילֵנוּ יוֹם שֶׁכֵּלּוֹ טוֹב. הָרַחֲמָן, הוּא יְבָרֵךְ אֶת־אַחֵינוּ בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל הַנְתוּנִים בְּצָרָה, וְוֹצִיאֵם מֵאֲפֵלָה לְאוֹרָה.

הָרַחֲמָן, הוּא יְבָרֵךְ אֶת־מְדִינַת יִשְׂרָאֵל, רַאשִׁית צְמִיחַת גְאֻלָּתֵנוּ.

May the Merciful One bless the State of Israel, the dawn of our redemption.

Ha-rachaman, Hu yanchilenu yom she-kulo tov.

Ha-rachaman, Hu yevarech et-acheinu b'nei Israel ha-netunim b'tzarah, v'yotziem me-afeilah l'orah. Ha-rachaman, Hu yevarech et-Medinat Israel, reshit tz'michat geulateinu.

May we receive blessings from Hashem, lovingkindness from the God of our deliverance. May we find grace and good favor before God and all people. May God who brings peace to the universe bring peace to us, to all the people Israel. And let us say: Amen.

ְוְנִשָּׂא בְּרָכָה מֵאֵת יְיָ ,וּצְדָּקָה מֵאֱלֹהֵי יִשְׁאֵנוּ, וְנִמְצָא חֵן וְשֵׂכֶל טוֹב בְּעֵינֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאָדָם. עֹשֶׁה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו, הוּא יַצְשָׂה שָׁלוֹם, עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל, וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:

V'nisa verachah m'et Adonai, u-tzedakah m'Elohei yisheinu, v'nimtza chen v'sechel tov b'einei Elohim v'adam. Oseh Shalom bimromav, Hu yaase Shalom, aleinu v'al kol Israel, v'imeru Amen.

RECITE THE BLESSING FOR THE WINE, AND DRINK THE THIRD CUP IN RECLINING POSITION.



We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלֶם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי תַגַּפֵּר:



Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei p'ri hagafen

THE FOURTH CUP IS POURED NOW. THE DOOR IS OPEN. (DO NOT DRINK IT YET)



Elijah, the Prophet;

Elijah, the Tishbite;

Elijah, the Gileadite;

May he soon come and bring the Messiah.

אֵלְיָּהוּ הַנָּבִיא אֵלְיָּהוּ הַתִּשְׁבִּי אֵלְיָהוּ, אֵלִיָּהוּ, אֵלְיָהוּ הגלעדי.



בִּמְהַרָה בְּיָמֵינוּ יָבא אֵלֵינוּ. עִם מָשִׁיחַ בֵּן דָּוִיד, עִם מָשִׁיחַ בֵּן דָּוִיד.

Eliyahu Ha-navi, Eliyahu Ha-tish-bi Eliyahu, Eliyahu, Eliyahu Ha-giladi. Bim Heira B'yameinu, Yavo eileinu, Yim mashiach ben David, Yim mashiach ben David.





Hallel - הַלֵּל Recite the Hallel

Hashem, mindful of us, will bless. God will bless the House of Israel; God will bless the House of Aaron; God will bless those who fear Hashem, the small with the great. May Hashem increase blessing upon you, upon you and upon your children. You are blessed unto Hashem, the Maker of heaven and earth. The heavens are the heavens of Hashem, but the earth God gave to us. The dead do not praise God, nor do those that go down into the silence of the grave. But we will bless God, from now to eternity. *Halleluyah*. Praise God.

יְיָ זְכָרֲנוּ יְבָרֵךּ, יְבָרֵךּ אֶת בּית יִשְׂרָאֵל, יְבָרֵךּ אֶת בִּית אַחֲלן. יְבָרֵךּ יִרְאֵי יִי, הַקְּטַנִּים עִם



הַגְּדֹלִים. יֹסֵף יְיָ עֲלֵיכֶם, עֲלֵיכֶם וְעַל בְּנֵיכֶם. בְּרוּכִים אַתֶּם לַיְיָ, עשׁה שְּמִים וָאֶרֶץ. הַשָּׁמֵיִם שָׁמֵיִם לַיְיָ, וְהָאָרֶץ נָתַן לִבְנֵי אָדָם. לֹא הַמֵּתִים יְהַלְלוּ יָהּ, וְלֹא כָּל יֹרְדֵי דוּמָה. וַאְנַחְנוּ נְבָּרֵדְ יָהּ, מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם, הַלְלוּיָהּ:

Adonai z'charanu y'vareich, y'vareich et beit yisra-eil, y'vareich et beit aharon. Y'vareich yirei Adonai, hak'tanim im hag'dolim. Yoseif Adonai aleichem, aleichem v'al b'neichem. B'ruchim atem l'Adonai, oseih shamayim va-aretz. Hashamayim shamayim l'Adonai, v'ha-aretz natan livnei adam. Lo hameitim y'hal'lu yah, v'lo kol yor'dei dumah. Va-anachnu n'vareich Yah, mei-atah v'ad olam, hal'luyah.

For it is good to give thanks to You, and fitting to sing praises to Your name. You are God throughout all eternity. We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign exalted by praise.

כִּי לְדָּ טוֹב לְהוֹדוֹת וּלְשִׁמְדְּ נָאֶה לְזַמֵּר, כִּי מֵעוֹלָם וְעַד עוֹלָם אַתָּה אֵל. בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, מֱלֶדְ מְהֻלָּל בַּתִּשְׁבָּחוֹת.

Ko lecha tov l'hodot ul'shimcha na'e l'zamer. Ki meolam v'ad olam atah El. Baruch atah Adonai, Melech mehulal batish'bachot.

RECITE THE BLESSING FOR THE FORTH CUP OF WINE.



We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יִיָּ, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֱלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי





Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, borei p'ri hagafen

DRINK THE FOURTH CUP IN RECLINING POSITION.



We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, for the vine and the fruit of the vine, for the produce of the field, and for the precious, good and spacious land which You have favored to give as an heritage to our ancestors, to eat of its fruit and be satiated by its goodness. Have mercy, Hashem our God, on Israel Your people, on Jerusalem Your city, on Zion the abode of Your glory, on Your altar and on Your Temple. Rebuild Jerusalem, the holy city, speedily in our days, and bring us up into it, and make us rejoice in it, and we will bless You in holiness and purity (On Shabbat add: May it please You to strengthen us on this Shabbat day) and remember us for good on this day of the Festival of Matzot. For You, Hashem, are good and do good to all, and we thank You for the land and for the fruit of the vine. We praise You, Eternal God, for the land and for the fruit of the vine.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּח יְיָ אֱלֹחֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ ָּהַעוֹלַם עַל הַגַּפֵּוֹ וִעֵּל פִּרְי ַתַגַּפַן.

ועל תנובת השדה, ועל אַרץ חֶמְדָּה טוֹבַה וּרְחַבַה,

שַרְצִיתָ וְהִנְחַלְתָּ לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ, לֵאֵכוֹל מִפְּרִיה וְלְשְׁבִּוֹעַ מִטּוּבָה. רַחֶם נַא יִיַ אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל יִשְרַאֶל עַמֶּדָ, וְעַל יִרוּשֲלֵיִם עִירֵדָ, וְעַל צִיוּן מִשִּׁכַּן כִּבוֹדֵדְ, וִעַל מִזְבָּחֵדְּ וִעַל הֵיכָלֵדְ. ובנה ירושַלִים עיר הַקֹּדֵשׁ בִּמְהֵרָה בִיָּמֵינוּ, והעלנו לתוכה, ושמחנו בבנינה ונאכל מַפַּרְיַה וְנִשְבַּע מִטּוּבַה, וּנְבַרֶכִּדְּ עַלֵיהַ בַּקַדְשָה וּבָטַהֲרָה (בשבת: וּרְצֵה והחליצנו ביום השבת הזה.) ושמחנו בִּיוֹם חַג הַמַּצוֹת הַוֹּה. כִּי אַתַּה יִיַ טוֹב וֹמֵטִיב לַכּּל, וְנוֹדֶה קְּדְּ עַל הָאֶבֶץ וְעַל פְּרִי הַגֶּפֶן. בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יְיָ, עַל הָאֶבֶץ וְעַל פְּרִי

Baruch atah Adonai Eloheinu melech ha-olam, al hagefen v'al p'ri hagefen. V'al t'nuvat hasadeh, v'al eretz chemdah tovah ur'chavah, sheratzita v'hinchalta la-avoteinu, le-echol mipiryah v'lisboa mituvah. Rachem na, Adonai Eloheinu, al visra-eil amecha, v'al v'rushalayim irecha, v'al tzion mishkan k'vodecha, v'al mizb'checha, v'al heicholecha. Uv'neih y'rushalayim ir hakodesh bimheirah v'yameinu, v'ha-aleinu l'tochah, v'sam'cheinu b'vinyanah, v'nochol mipiryah v'nisba mituvah, un'varechcha aleha bikdushah uv'tahorah. (On Shabbat add: ur'tzeih v'hachalitzeinu b'yom hashabat hazeh.) V'sam'cheinu b'yom chag hamatzot hazeh. Ki atah Adonai tov umeitiv lakol, v'nodeh l'cha al ha-aretz v'al p'ri hagafen. Baruch atah Adonai, al ha-aretz v'al p'ri hagafen.

Echad Mi yodeah?

אָחָד מִי יוֹדֵעַ?

Echad Mi yodeah? Echad ani yodeah!
Echad eloheynu,
Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

אֶחָד מִי יוֹדֵעַ! אֶחָד אֲנִי יוֹדַעַ: אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ **אֱלֹהֵינו**ּ (x4) שָׁבַּשָּׁמַיִם וּבארץ.





Shenayim mi yodeah? Shenayim ani yodeah! Sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu, Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Sheloshah mi yodeah? Sheloshah ani yodeah! Sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Arba mi yodeah? Arba ani yodeah! Arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Chamishah mi yodeah? Chamishah ani yodeah! Chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Shishah mi yodeah? Shishah ani yodeah! Shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Shivah mi yodeah? Shivah ani yodeah! Shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

שְׁנַיִּם מִי יוֹדֵעַ? שְׁנַיִם אֲנִי יוֹדֵע: שְׁנֵי לֵחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ **אֱלֹהֵינוּ** (x4) שָׁבַּשְּׁמַיִ**ם וּבָאָרֶץ.**

שְׁלשָׁה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? שְׁלשָׁה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: שְׁלשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּּרִית, אֶחָד אֵלהֵינוּ

ָאֶלהֵינוּ (x4) שֶׁבַּשְּׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

אַרְבַּע מִי יוֹדֵעַ? אַרְבַּע אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֵחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵלֹהֵינוּ (x4) שַׁבַּשָּׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרִץ.

חֲמִשָּׁה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? חֲמִשָּׁה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִפְּהוֹת, שְׁלשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּּרִית, אֶחָד אֵלהֵינוּ

ָאֶלהֵינוּ (x4) שֶׁבַּשְׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

שְׁשָּׁה מִי יוֹדֵעַ! שִׁשָּׁה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: שִׁשְּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֵחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵלהֵינוּ (x4) שָׁבַּשָּׁמִיִם וּבַאַרֵץ.

שִׁבְעָה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? שִׁבְעָה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלהֵינוּ

אַלהֵינוּ (x4) שְבַּשָּׁמֵים וּבָאָרֵץ.

Shemonah rni yodeah? Shemonah ani yodeah! Shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Tishah mi yodeah? Tishah ani yodeah! Tishah yarchey ledah, shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Asarah mi yodeah? Asarah ani yodeah! Asarah dibraya, tishah yarchey ledah, shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Achad asar mi yodeah? Achad asar ani yodeah! Achad asar kochvaya, asarah dibraya, tishah yarchey ledah, shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

שְׁמוֹנָה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? שְׁמוֹנָה אֲנִי יוֹדֵע: שְׁמוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִפָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לַחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵלֹהָינוּ (צּ4) שַׁבַּשִּׁמִיִם וּבַאָּרֵץ.

תּשְׁעָה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? תִּשְׁעָה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: תִּשְׁעָה יַרְחֵי לֵדָה, שְׁמוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּּרִית, אֶחָד אֵלהֵינוּ

ָאֶלהֵינוּ (x4) שֶׁבַּשָּׁמַיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

אֲשָׂרָה מִי יוֹדֵעַ? עֲשָׂרָה אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: עֲשָׂרָה דִבְּרַיָּא, תִּשְׁעָה יַרְחֵי לֵדָה, שְׁמִוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרִי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵלֹהָינוּ (צּ4) שַׁבַּשִּׁמִיִם וּבָאַרָץ.

אַחַד עָשָׂר מִי יוֹדֵעַ! אַחַד עָשָׂר אֲנִי יוֹדֵע: אַחַד עָשָׂר כּוֹכְבַיָּא, עֲשָׂרָה דִּבְּרַיָא, תִּשְׁעָה יַרְחֵי לֵדָה, שְׁמוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנִי לֻחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵלֹהֵינוּ (צ4) שַׁבַּשָׁמִים וּבַאַרָץ. Sheneym asar mi yodeah? Sheneyrn asar ani yodeah! Sheneym asar shivtaya, achad asar kochvaya, asarah dibraya, tishah yarchey ledah, shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

Sheloshah asar mi yodeah? Sheloshah asar ani yodeah! Sheloshah asar rnidayah, sheneym asar shivtaya, achad asar kochvaya, asarah dibraya, tishah yarchey ledah, shemonah vemey milah, shivah yemey shabata, shishah sidrey Mishnah, chamishah chumshey Torah, arba imahot, sheloshah avot, sheney luchot habrit, Echad eloheynu,

Eloheinu (x4) shebashamayim uva'aretz.

שְׁנֵים עָשָׂר מִי יוֹדֵעַ! שְׁנֵים עָשָׂר אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: שְׁנֵים עָשָׂר שִׁבְטַיָּא, אַחַד עָשָׂר כּוֹכְבַיָּא, עֲשָׂרָה דִבְּרַיָּא, תִּשְׁעָה יַרְחֵי לֵדָה, שְׁמוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִמֶּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּּרִית, אֶחָד אֵלהֵינוּ

ָאֶלהֵינוּ (x4) שֶׁבַּשְׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

שְׁלֹשָׁה עָשָׂר מִי יוֹדֵעַ ! שְׁלֹשָׁה עָשָׂר אֲנִי יוֹדֵעַ: שְׁלֹשָׁה עָשָׂר מִדַּיָּא, שְׁנֵים עָשָׂר שִׁבְטַיָּא, אַחַד עָשָׂר כּוֹכְבַיָּא, עֲשָׂרָה דִבְּרַיָּא, תִּשְׁעָה יַרְחֵי לֵדָה, שְׁמִוֹנָה יְמֵי מִילָה, שִׁבְעָה יְמֵי שַׁבַּתָּא, שִׁשָּׁה סִדְרֵי מִשְׁנָה, חֲמִשָּׁה חוּמְשֵׁי תוֹרָה, אַרְבַּע אִפָּהוֹת, שְׁלֹשָׁה אָבוֹת, שְׁנֵי לֻחוֹת הַבְּרִית, אֶחָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֱלֹהֵינוּ (x4) שָׁבַּשְּׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

Who knows one? I know one! One is our God in Heaven and on Earth.

Who knows two? I know two! Two are the tablets of the covenant. One is our G-d, in Heaven and on Earth.

Who knows three? I know three! Three are our patriarchs...

Who knows four? I know four! Four are our matriarchs...

Who knows five? I know five! Five are the books of the Torah...

Who knows six? I know six! Six are the orders of the Mishnah...

Who knows seven? I know seven! Seven are the days of the week...

Who knows eight? I know eight! Eight are the days to circumcision...

Who knows nine? I know nine! Nine are the months to childbirth...

Who knows ten? I know ten! Ten are the commandments of Sinai!...

Who knows eleven? I know eleven! Eleven are the stars of Joseph's dream...

Who knows twelve? I know twelve! Twelve are the tribes of Israel!...

Who knows thirteen? I know thirteen! Thirteen are the attributes of God...

Chad gadya.

Chad gadya chad gadya.

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata shunra v'achla l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

Va'ata chalba, v'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'atah chutra, v'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata nura, v'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata maya v'chavah lenura, d'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah lechalba, d'nashach leshunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.



חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַּדְיָא דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדִיָא, חַד גַּדִיָא.

וְאָתָא שׁוּנְרָא, וְאָכְלָה לְגַדְיָא, דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַּדְיָא.

וְאָתָא כַלְבָּא, וְנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדִיָא,

דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְנֵי זוּזֵי, חֵד נַּדְיָא, חֵד נַּדְיָא.

ּוְאָתָא חוּטְרָא, וְהִכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדְיָא,

דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד נַּדְיָא, חַד נַּדְיָא.

וְאָתָא נוּרָא, וְשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא, דְהִכֶּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדְיָא,

דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַדִיַא.

ְוְאָתָא מַיָּא, וְכָבָה לְנוּרָא, דְּשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא, דְהִכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדְיָא, דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד

יְנַבְּין בַּיבְּית בִּיְנְתֵּי יִתְּיֵי, נֵיִּי בּיְּנְתְּי גַּדְיָּא. Va'ata tora v'shatah lemaya, d'chavah lenura, d'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata hashochet v'shachat l'tora, d'shatah lemaya, d'chavah lenura, d'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata malach hamavet v'shachat l'shochet, d'shachat l'tora, d'shatah lemaya, d'chavah lenura, d'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

V'ata haKadosh Baruch Hu v'shachat l'malach hamavet, d'shachat l'shochet, d'shachat l'tora, d'shatah lemaya, d'chavah lenura, d'saraf l'chutra, d'hikah l'chalba, d'nashach l'shunra, d'achlah l'gadya,

Dezavin aba bitrey zuzey, chad gadya chad gadya.

ְוְאָתָא תּוֹרָא, וְשָׁתָא לְמַיָּא, דְּכָבָה לְנוּרָא, דְּשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא, דְּהִכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדִיָּא,

דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַּדְיָא.

וְאָתָא הַשׁוֹחֵט, וְשָׁחֵט לְתוֹרָא, דְּשָׁתָא לְמַיָּא, דְּכָבָה לְנוּרָא, דְּשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא,דְהִכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְגַדְיָא, דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזִי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַּדְיָא.

ְוְאָתָא מַלְאַדְּ הַפֶּנֶת, וְשָׁחַט לְשׁוֹחֵט, דְּשָׁחַט לְתוֹרָא, דְּשָׁתָא לְמֵיָּא, דְּכָבָה לְנוּרָא, דְּשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא,דְהִכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁדְּ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְנַדְיָא, דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חַד גַּדְיָא, חַד גַּדְיָא.

ְוָאָתָא הַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא, וְשָׁחֵט לְמֵלְאָךְ הַפָּנֶת, דְשָׁחֵט לְתוֹרָא, דְשָׁתָא לְמֵיָּא, דְּכָבָה לְנוּרָא, דְשָׂרַף לְחוּטְרָא, דְּהַכָּה לְכַלְבָּא, דְּנָשַׁךְ לְשׁוּנְרָא, דְּאָכְלָה לְנַדְיָא,

דְזַבִּין אַבָּא בִּתְרֵי זוּזֵי, חֵד גַּדְיָא, חֵד גַּדְיָא. An only kid, an only kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came a cat and ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came a dog and bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came a stick and beat the dog that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came a fire and burnt the stick that beat the dog, that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came water and quenched the fire that burnt the stick, that beat the dog that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came an ox and drank the water that quenched the fire, that burnt the stick that beat the dog, that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came a slaughterer and killed the ox that drank the water, that quenched the fire that burnt the stick that beat the dog, that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came the angel of death who killed the slaughterer, who killed the ox that drank the water, that quenched the fire that burnt the stick that beat the dog, that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.

Then came the Holy One and killed the angel of death, who killed the slaughterer, who killed the ox that drank the water, that quenched the fire that burnt the stick that beat the dog, that bit the cat that ate the kid.

My father bought for two zuzim, an only kid, an only kid.





Sefirat HaOmer - סְפִירַת הָּעְמֶּר Counting the Omer

At the second Seder, we begin the count of seven weeks from Pesach to the festival of Shavuot.

We are about to fulfill the *Mitzvah* of counting the Omer, as it is written in the Torah: "You shall count from the day following the day of rest, from the day that you brought an Omer of grain as an offering, seven full weeks shall be counted; you shall count fifty days to the day following the seventh week" (*Leviticus* 23:15-16)

הְנְנִי מוּכָן וּמְזֻמָּן לְקַיֵּם מִצְוַת צְשֵׂח שֶׁל סְפִירַת הָעְמֶר, כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב בַּתּוֹרַה: וּסְפַרְתֵּם לַכֵּם



מִמְּחֲרַת הַשַּׁבָּת מִיּוֹם הֲבִיאֲכֶם אֶת עְּמֶר הַתְּנוּפָה, שֶׁבַע שַׁבָּתוֹת תְּמִימֹת תִּהְנֻינָה. עַד מִמְּחֲרַת הַשַּׁבָּת הַשְּׁבִיעִת תִּסִפִּרוּ חֵמִשִּׁים יוֹם.

Hineni muchan um'zuman lekayem mitzvat haseh shel S'firat haOmer, k'mo shekatuv baTorah: "usefartem lachem mimochorat haShabat miyom haviachem et Omer hatenufah, sheva Shabatot temimot tihyena. Ad mimochorat haShabat hasheviyt tisperu chamishim yom.

We praise You, Eternal God, Sovereign of the universe, who has sanctified us with Your commandments and commanded us counting the *Omer*.

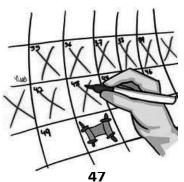
Today is the first day of the Omer.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלֶם, אֲשֶׁר קִּדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיו, וְצִנָּנוּ עַל סְפִירַת הָלְמֶר.

הַיּוֹם יוֹם אֶחָד לָעְמֶר

Baruch atah Adonai, Eloheinu melech ha-olam, asher kid'shanu b'mitzvotav v'tzivanu al Sefirat HaOmer.

Hayom yom echad laOmer.





Nirtzah - נְרְצָה Conclude the Seder



The Passover *Seder* is concluded, according to each traditional detail with all its laws and customs. As we have been privileged to celebrate this

Seder, so may we one day celebrate it in Jerusalem. Pure One who dwells in the high places, support your People countless in number. May you soon redeem all your People joyfully in Zion.

חֲסֵל סִדּוּר פֶּסֵח כְּהִלְּכָתוֹ, כְּכָל מִשְׁפָּטוֹ וְחֻקָּתוֹ. כַּאֲשֶׁר זָבִינוּ לְסַדֵּר אוֹתוֹ, כֵּן נִזְכָּה לַעֲשׁוֹתוֹ. זָדְ שׁוֹבֵן מְעוֹנָה, קוֹמֵם קְהַל עֲדַת מִי מָנָה. בְּקָרוֹב נַהֵל נִטְעֵי כַנָּה, פְּדוּיִם לְצִיּוֹן בְּרָנָה.

NEXT YEAR IN JERUSALEM!

לְשָׁנָה הַבָּאָה בִּירוּשָׁלֵיִם :



L'Shana HaBa'ah Birushalayim!

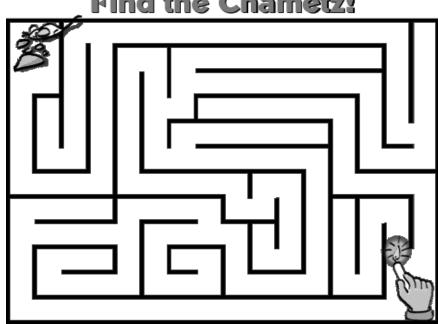




Kids' Corner

Find the Chametz!







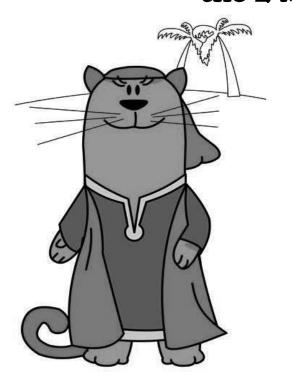


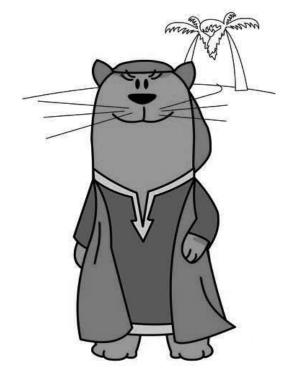
Pesach Word Search Puzzle

FISW FUQIQFEE H J S N W W Y J H В V V R Y N R X H L N T A C K N A W 0 0 E U Y I T S E U Q R U 0 F В D R 0 L T T T U N K A H C A Y N L CEFLM CVV S X F S S I 0 S H A R HXSCCT E C M I R I N V T S A A D N 0 B I F G K E E OE N E W F S C E R 0 E F D G G A D A H H E Y T R M 0 0 M В B S A W U U В L Z R M B E T E C F P V G I S N T A D O E E J M J H L A A Q F U OTA C E G M M J A L H E SZODWQSFPSBUPIG WY

| afikoman | Exodus | Nisan |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| bondage | feast | Pesach |
| burning | firstborn | pharaoh |
| chametz | four questions | plagues |
| charoset | gefilte fish | seder |
| chrain | Haggadah | slavery |
| doorposts | Hebrews | unleavened bread |
| Egypt | matzo | |

Can you see the 5 differences between the 2 Miriams?





Can you match the face to the movie?



- 1) "The Ten Commandments" (1956)
- 2) "The Prince of Egypt" (1998)
- 3) "The Ten Commandments: The Musical" (2004)
- 4) "The Ten Commandments" (2007)
- 5) "Exodus: Gods and Kings" (2014)

Find the right answers on the last page

The





You found the Afikoman, Horray! Skip to Tzafun









Shulchan Orech he festive Yom

meal



Nirtzah

End



Bareich



You fell asleep! Go back to Start





2nd

Pesach, Mattzah u'Maror

You did not remember all ask the 4 questions... Go back to Magid





Game

Getting started: You need a dice for the game, and a game-piece for each player.

Here's the Seder table! Put the game pieces on Kadeish. Each player in his turn tosses the dice and moves along the path according to the number shown on the dice. If you land on a square with instructions - proceede accordingly. When you land on a square with a cup of wine, of the 4 cups we drink at

the Seder – you stop and wait 1 turn (to drink the cup!)

The first player that finishes the the Seder-from Kadeish to Tov Kidush over wine Nirtzah (the last square) - is the winner! 1st Cup



door for Eliyahu the Prophet

You fell asleep! Go back to Start



Go back to say Pesach, Matzah u'Maror properly

Tzafun Eating the Afikoman

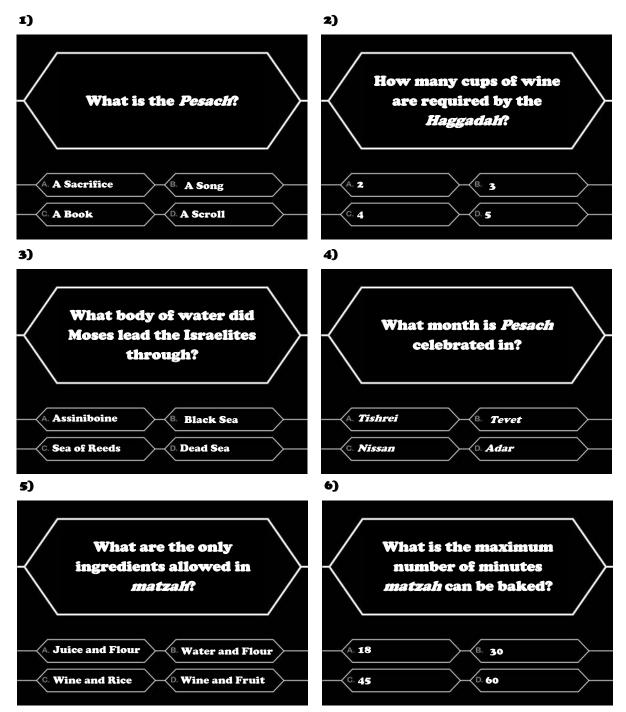


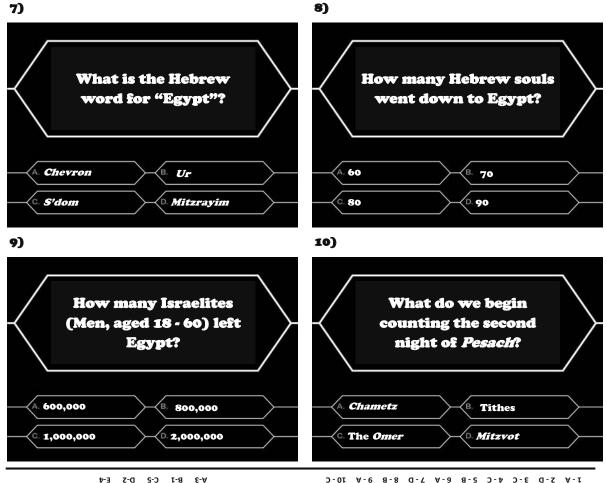






Pesach Trivia





Answers to "Can you match the face to the movie?"

**Biviy1 Arawers to "Pesach Tiviy1"

D-01 A-6 8-8 G-7 A-6 8-8 3-6 3-6 3-6 4-1

Our Mission: Shaarey Zedek Synagogue is a centre for Conservative Judaism that welcomes the community to experience spiritual growth, continuing education and the enrichment of lifecycle events.



c/o Temple Shalom, 1077 Grant Avenue, Winnipeg, MB R3N 1Y6
204 452 3711 hello@szwinnipeg.ca www.szwinnipeg.ca
www.facebook.com/ShaareyZedekWinnipeg www.youtube.com/SZWinnipeg







SPRING INTO SAVINGS **EVENT**



Happy Passover

 $oldsymbol{---}$ In the month of Nissan $oldsymbol{---}$



1424 REGENT AVE. W, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, R2C 3A8

SALES: (204) 669-0791 **SERVICE:** (204) 669-0791 **PARTS:** (204) 817-6976

ROADSIDE ASSISTANCE: (800) 387-0122





SCAN WITH YOUR PHONE CAMERA TO LEARN MORE

"WHERE CUSTOMERS SEND THEIR FRIENDS"